

Telehandler / Zoom Boom

Used Telehandler Washington - Telehandlers have numerous names including a teleporter, Cherry picker, telescopic handler or boom lift. These machines are utilized in agriculture and many different industries. It is similar to a forklift and a crane as it has a boom, enabling it to extend upwards and forwards from the vehicle. The operator can utilize a variety of attachments at the end of the articulating boom to complete different jobs. Common attachments include pallet forks, a winch, a bucket or a muck grab. The most common telehandler attachment is the pallet forks. Pallet forks enable the operator to move loads to and from a variety of locations that would otherwise be considered unreachable with a standard forklift. Telehandlers allow cargo pallets to be loaded and unloaded from a trailer and placed on high locations such as racking or rooftops. Typically, high locations would traditionally require a crane; however, telehandlers can facilitate these tasks easily and efficiently. It can be expensive and impractical to rely on a crane or expansive industrial equipment to finish particular tasks. A bucket or bucket grab is the most popular telehandler attachment in the agricultural industry. Relocating items from hard to reach areas that cannot rely on a wheeled loader or a backhoe loader give telehandlers a significant advantage. Telehandlers can directly access trailer units with high sides, hoppers or applications that would typically need a conveyor or loading ramp. Relying on one piece of equipment to complete a variety of jobs saves time, money and storage. Telehandlers commonly work alongside a crane jib. Various attachments may be used including rotators, dirt buckets, grain buckets and power booms. The agricultural models can use three-point linkage and power take-off to make telehandlers multi-tasking. However, the main advantage of the telehandler is additionally its' largest limitation. The boom acts as a lever when it extends or raises with heavy loads. Even with rear counterweights, this machine may become unstable from time to time; decreasing the lift capacity when the distance between the center of the load and the front of the wheels or the working radius increases. If the machine works as a single boom loader instead of using twin arms while carrying a large load, there is a chance that weakness can occur even in the most carefully designed units. A 5000 lb. capacity telehandler could lift 400 lbs. safely while fully extended with a retracted boom in conjunction with a low boom angle. This unit with a 5000 lb. lift capability and retracted boom could support as much as ten thousand pounds after the boom is raised seventy degrees. There is a load chart on these machines to determine which tasks can be safely executed by taking the weight, angle and boom height into account. Updated telehandler models have computers and sensors. The operator cannot continue once the machine's limits have been reached. They are warned and cut off from accessing the control input. There are front stabilizers that can drastically enhance the machine's lifting capacity while it is stationary. A stabilizing rotary joint between the upper and lower frames may be called a mobile crane that can use a bucket. There are compact telehandler models that differ in boom design, size, reach and weight. If the machine weighs in at eleven thousand pounds or less, it can be part of the compact category. Compact models feature a two- stage boom design in comparison to the three or four boom design that is common with larger units. The compact model showcases a low pivot boom to allow better cab visibility for the operator while transporting loads. Compact models are skinnier and have thinner dimensions. Compact telehandlers have a reach capacity ranging between 13 to 20 feet with a lift capacity ranging from 5k to 7k pounds. The versatility of the compact telehandler makes it popular in a variety of applications. Telehandlers can function as a pick and place unit or a tool carrier. Compact units are ideal for cramped locations. Residential services are often employed during framing and for jobs with height restrictions. Telehandlers can enter internal building access in hard-to-reach locations. Compact telehandlers are commonly used in nurseries, landscaping, multi-story construction, building strip malls and garages, masonry, erecting steel and more. Agri-business and farming applications rely on telehandlers for a variety of jobs. Telehandlers come with crab steering or two or four-wheel drive options. This machine can traverse longer distances with two-wheel drive at higher speeds to facilitate easy

travel between worksites. The 4-WD units are capable of having a tighter turning radius and can travel difficult terrain. Crab steering increases overall maneuvering and enables the front and back wheels to move 45 degrees to the left or the right. Compact telehandlers have varying cab environments. On entry-level models, there is a rollover cage for added safety. Newer units come with windshield wipers, a defroster, a heater and a totally enclosed cab. All compact telehandler cabs are spacious to accommodate the operator as comfortable as possible. Additional options including satellite radio, air conditioning, armrests, cup holders, suspension seats and tilt steering are available. Different high-flow auxiliary hydraulics and high-pressure hydraulics run the variety of attachments. The different attachments allow the machine to be capable of many options. All of these attachments enable the machine to conduct a variety of jobs. Ground engaging work is often completed by compact units. Adding a bucket attachment can make a compact telehandler transform into a mini excavator. There are popular attachments including brooms for sweeping, truss booms for extended reach, side-shifting and rotating fork carriages, heavy and light-duty buckets, augers for planting trees or digging holes and many items. Skid steer options are made for compact telehandler designs and ultimate versatility.